

FPK Paratrooper/Dragunov Owner's Manual

This Owner's Manual contains valuable information on operating safety information and should be kept with the Gun and transferred to any subsequent user and/or owner of the Gun.

Understanding and Use of Your New FPK

Firearm Safety Depends on You

Read and follow the instructions before using this firearm. If you do not understand any part of the instructions or you are new to the use of firearms seek qualified instructions from the NRA, a gun shop, a gun club, a hunter safety course or law enforcement agency.

Stress gun safety to those around you and always maintain safe gun handling and storage for your firearms.

There is no way this manual can cover all instances and circumstances in the use of this or any other firearm. YOU must use good judgment anytime you handle firearms. It is up to you to be safe.

Eleven Points of Gun Safety

Read each one and understand the importance of each

1. Always keep the Muzzle pointed in a safe direction

If you remember this rule the chance of an accident is greatly reduced. Never point the muzzle at something that you do not intend to shoot. Never, while handling a firearm, allow the muzzle to point at anyone or anything that you do not intend to destroy, harm or injure.

Watch where your muzzle is pointing at all times and remind others where their muzzle is pointing while handling firearms.

When walking always carry your firearm with the muzzle in a safe direction. Think about where you are pointing your gun at all times. This is one of the most important rules for safe gun handling.

Keep your finger out of the trigger guard until ready to fire.

2. Unload your firearm when you are not using it.

Your firearm should be unloaded any time you are not actually shooting. You should always unload your firearm when storing, traveling, or cleaning. If you only load while shooting and you are aware of the condition of the firearm, you will be less likely to have an accident. Never store the firearm loaded, this includes placing it in a holster or carrying case. Always open the action of the gun and check to be sure it is unloaded before handling or handing the firearm to another. Never assume a firearm is unloaded. When handed a firearm always check to make sure is unloaded.

Never carry a loaded firearm in an unsafe manner. Always unload first before crossing a fence, climbing, crossing streams or gullies. If you are not sure of the safety conditions unload the firearm.

3. Do not rely on the Gun's Safety.

Safety devices on firearms are mechanical devices that can fail at anytime. Do not trust them for your or others safety. Again, never point a firearm at anyone or anything you do not want to fire at.

There is always a possibility of the safety failing or not being in the safe position. Do not depend on the safety for safe gun handling.

Never touch the trigger until you are ready to fire the gun. Keep your finger out of the trigger while the safety is on. The firearm may fire when the safety is moved to the off position. Never place the safety in the half safe or between the safe and fire position, as this will not prevent an accidental discharge of the firearm.

Always keep the muzzle pointing in a safe direction no matter what position the safety is in. Do not trust the safety to prevent accidents. The firearm may discharge from impact or being dropped. Always control the direction the muzzle is pointing. The best safety is unloading the firearm and keeping the ammunition and firearm separate.

4. Make sure of your target and what is beyond. Know the range of your firearm

Do not shoot over hills, at rocks or water. Know where your bullets are going at all times. Know how far the gun will shoot. A bullet will travel over a mile. Know your target. Do not fire at noises, movement or at a target you cannot be absolutely sure of. If in doubt, do not fire. Make sure of your backstop. Do not shoot at rocks or water, as the shots may ricochet and strike you or others.

5. Use the correct ammunition for your firearms.

You must know the gauge or caliber of your firearm when purchasing or loading ammunition. The caliber or gauge is normally marked on the barrel or receiver. Some calibers are confusing. If in doubt, ask a knowledgeable person or gun dealer which ammunition fits your firearm. Failure to use the proper ammunition can cause injury or death when you fire the gun. Be careful when loading ammunition. Do not use hand-loaded ammunition that you are not sure of or has been made from salvaged components. Improper reloading is dangerous. Load only to accepted levels of pressure. Use only good quality ammunition in good condition. Damaged, wet, oily or dented ammunition can cause damage to your firearms or injury to yourself or others.

6. If your gun fails to fire when the trigger is pulled. Wait before opening the action. A delayed firing is possible.

There is a possibility a cartridge will not fire when the trigger is pulled but will delay and fire a few seconds later. This is known as hang fire. When you pull the trigger and the firearm fails to fire, WAIT! Count to sixty and open the action keeping your face away from the breach of the firearm. Discard the cartridge in a safe manner. Remember to keep the gun pointed in a safe direction even though it did not fire, it may fire at any moment.

7. Wear hearing and eye protection when firing or when around gunfire.

You only have one pair of eyes and ears. Protect them at all times. The noise of gunfire will damage your hearing if you do not protect your hearing with proper hearing protectors. Earplugs, muffs and a combination of both are required to save your hearing. There is a possibility of eye injury from shooting. Powder, stray shot, brass from a cartridge and other objects can injure your eyes. Wear shooting glasses. It is a good idea to wear shooting glasses when disassembling and cleaning your firearm. This will protect you from springs, solvents and other items from injuring your eyes.

8. Always check to be sure the barrel is clear and free from obstructions before firing your firearm.

Failure to make sure the barrel is clear can cause injury or death if the gun is fired with an obstruction. Never leave cleaning rags, brushes or anything else in the barrel. Never “shoot out” something in the barrel you will damage the firearm and may be injured or killed! If the firearm, when fired, does not recoil like normal there may be a bullet stuck in the barrel. Check before firing again. Unload the firearm and visually look in the chamber and the muzzle. Make sure there is nothing in the barrel.

9. Use only a firearm in good condition and do not modify your gun.

Each firearm has been designed to function properly with proper ammunition. Changing or modifying the firearm voids the warranty and can cause injury or death. Only have qualified personnel work on your firearm. If your firearm is not working properly take it to a knowledgeable gunsmith for repair. Have the gunsmith use proper parts for any repair. Take care of your firearm and it will last a long time. No firearm will last forever. With use it will wear out. Make sure your firearm is safe to use. Have it checked regularly.

10. Never mix alcohol or drugs with firearms.

Firearms and shooting require 100% of your ability. You cannot be safe if you are impaired. When the guns are properly stored is the time for a drink if you so desire. If you are tired or not feeling well do not risk handling firearms in less than the best conditions. Safety is important to us all, it is your responsibility.

11. Store your ammunition and firearms properly. Protect children and others from injury or death by locking up your firearms.

Keep firearms and ammunition separate from one another. Keep them locked and secure. Prevent children and those who are careless around firearms access to them. There are several types of trigger locks that will help to prevent others from using your firearm.

Understanding your new FPK

Trigger Block Safety:

This safety is located on the right side of the action of the firearm. By moving this lever down the safety is in the fire position. If moved up it is in the Safe Position. The Trigger Block Safety should be used at all times except when you wish to fire the gun. The Safety lever will help to prevent accidental discharge of the firearm. Always engage the safety when not firing or you do not intend to fire. Never pull the trigger while the safety is engaged. The safety lever is not for the replacement of good gun handling skills. A safety lever is a mechanical control safety of the firearm. You are the real safety!

Cleaning and Lubrication:

By keeping your firearm clean and lubricated, it will give you years of trouble free operation. Simple cleaning and oiling will assure proper operation. We recommend purchase of a good quality cleaning kit and gun oil. It is much easier to use the proper equipment.

1. Once the firearm is disassembled, use a proper size cleaning brush on a cleaning rod to clean the barrels. Dip the brush in solvent to clean powder and residue from the barrel.
2. Remove the brush and place a patch tip on the rod. Place a clean patch on the breach end of the barrel and push it through the barrel with the rod. Repeat until the barrels are clean and shining.
3. Wipe the outside and the inside of the barrel and action with an oily cloth covering all areas with a light film.

Loading the Firearm:

1. Point the firearm in a safe direction.
2. Place safety lever on.
3. Place a loaded magazine into the rifle and check to make sure that is properly latched by pulling on the magazine several times.
4. Pull the bolt handle all of the way rearward and then release fully to allow the bolt carrier to fly forward completely, thus placing a round in the chamber.
5. **Check to ensure that the action has closed completely!**
6. **THE FIREARM IS NOW LOADED!**

The Firearm is now loaded and ready to fire. The gun will fire when the trigger is pulled.

To Fire the gun:

Note: Remember the safe gun handling rules; it is your responsibility to handle the firearm in a proper manner.

1. Pointing the gun in a safe direction, make sure the safety lever is in the Safe Position
2. Move Safety lever to the Fire Position.
3. When the gun is aimed pull the trigger firing the gun.
4. The gun will fire one time for each pull of the trigger until the magazine is empty.

